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**PROCESS FOR CONTROLLING AN AXIALLY HAMMERING AND ROTATING
ELECTRIC HAND-HELD MACHINE TOOL**

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The invention is directed to a process for controlling an at least partially axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool such as a combination hammer or a chisel hammer.

According to DE 3707052, an axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool has an electromagnetic safety clutch in the flow of force between an electric motor and a tool receptacle. This electromagnetic safety clutch is controllably connected to a microcontroller which is connected to sensors and whose controlling process interrupts the flow of force in case of tool blockage.

In addition, according to U.S. Patent No. 5,076,120, an electric impact screwing device has a low-power electric motor, a gear unit and an electromagnetic clutch behind the in the flow of force. The electrorate of rotation during free run-up of the magnetic clutch triggers tangential impacts since it is switched on and off depending upon the he electric motor and, respectively, deceleration by the workpiece.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is the object of the invention to realize an at least partially axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool with a control process for generating tangential impacts.

This object is achieved in accordance with the invention by a control process for an axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool in which an electromagnetic clutch which is controllably connected to computing means connected to sensors is arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor and a tool receptacle, the safety clutch is repeatedly alternately opened and closed in at least one process step controlled by the computing means.

Due to the repeatedly alternately opened and closed safety clutch, tangential impacts which are energized through the mass moment of inertia of the electric motor are generated against the machining resistance of a tool connected to the tool receptacle.

In this process step, the clutch is advantageously alternately opened and closed at a frequency between 20 Hz and 100 Hz so that the frequency of the tangential impacts is substantially greater than the inherent or natural frequency of the electric hand-held machine tool guided by the hand-arm system.

In an advantageous manner, also with respect to a rotation of the housing or slip of the clutch, this process step is initiated in the event of an impending tool blockage detected by the computing means via the sensor such that the tool blockage can be averted at least in some cases by the tangential impacts.

The sensor is advantageously constructed as a metal detector, e.g., as a leakage current detector, a capacitive or inductive proximity switch, and so forth, so that the probability of tool blockage can be reduced by the initiated tangential impacts particularly during hammer drilling in concrete when hitting reinforcing iron.

The computing means are advantageously connected to a switch, e.g., a feeler, which can be actuated manually and by which this process step can be initiated manually so that these tangential impacts can be preselected manually.

An at least partially axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool, in which an electromagnetic clutch which is controllably connected to computing means connected to sensors is arranged in the flow of force between an electric motor and a tool receptacle, is substantially controllable by the computing means using a control process of the kind mentioned above.

With an electromagnetic clutch advantageously constructed in the form of a safety clutch, electric hand-held machine tools protected against tool blockage can be expanded by a control

process of this type in such a way that the probability of tool blockage can be actively reduced. For this purpose, corresponding software algorithms are implemented in the computing means which are advantageously constructed in the form of a microcontroller.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will be described more fully with reference to the drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 shows an electric hand-held machine tool in accordance with the invention; and

Fig. 2 shows a control process in accordance with the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

According to Fig. 1, an axially hammering and rotating electric hand-held machine tool 1 in the form of a drill hammer has an electromagnetic clutch 4 in the flow of force between an electric motor 2 and a tool receptacle 3. The electromagnetic clutch 4 is constructed as a safety clutch and is controllably connected to computing means 5 which are constructed as a microcontroller and connected to sensors 6a, 6b, 6c. Sensor 6a is an acceleration sensor which is arranged in the housing 7 of the electric hand-held machine tool 1. Sensor 6b is a slip sensor arranged in the clutch 4. Sensor 6c is a leakage current sensor which is arranged in the tool receptacle 3. A switch 8 which can be actuated manually is arranged outside at the housing 7 and is controllably connected with the computing means 5.

According to Fig. 2, in a process step initiated by the computing means 5 at time t_0 , the clutch 4 is repeatedly alternately opened and closed. The period during which the electromagnetic clutch 4 is alternately opened and closed is 20 ms, which corresponds to a frequency of 50 Hz.